Texts

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The JWT expression parser is very powerful when it come to composing texts.

This page contains a comprehensive overview of all related information.

Fixed values

- When used inside the function mode (%{...}), texts need to be written in double quotes, e.g., "This is a text"
- Operator + is used for concatenating texts. e.g., "This is" + " a text." = "This is a text.".
- The Escape character is "\" . This character can precede any of the following characters: ", \, n, r, t, f and b in order to invoke an alternative interpretation. e.g. \n for a linefeed.

If you want to introduce a **double quote** in a text expression you should precede it with escape character \ as in "The man said: \" Hello!\".", where we are using the escape character\to write the text Hello! in double quotes.

Variable values (field values)

Text field values can be inserted into expressions using field codes in the format %{...somefield}, or %{...somefield.i} for referencing concrete levels in cascading select fields (i = 0 for base level).

For checking if a field has a value you can use $\{\ldots \text{somefield}\}$ = null or $\{\ldots \text{somefield}\}$! = null.

For a concrete level in a **Cascading Select** or **Multi-Cascading Select** field, you should use $\{...somefield.i\} = null or \{...somefield.i\} = null.$

Any field type has a text value, so you can also use%{...somefield} to insert text values of fields of type Number (which includes Date and Date-Time values). Read more about Data types (JWT expressions).



Examples

Input	Output
%{"Hello" + " " + "world" + "."}	Hello world.
%{trim(%{issue.summary})}	Summary of an issue without leading and trailing blanks
<pre>%{issue.description} \nLAST USER: %{toUpperCase(% {system.currentUser})}</pre>	Description of an issue and a new line with string "LAST USER: " and the na me of current user in upper case.



Available functions

Function	Short description	Output
findPattern()	Returns all substrings matching a given regular expression .	TEXT LIST

findPatternIgnoreCase()	Returns all substrings matching a given regular expression , ignoring the case .	TEXT LIST
findReplaceAll()	Replaces all occurrences of a given text with the given replacement.	TEXT
indReplaceAllIgnoreCase()	Replaces all occurrences of a given text with a given replacement, ignoring the case.	TEXT
indReplaceFirst()	Replaces the first occurrence of a given text with the given replacement.	TEXT
indReplaceFirstIgnoreCas	Replaces the first occurrence of a given text with the given replacement, ignoring the case.	TEXT
getFromJSON()	Returns the result of a given JMESPath which is applied to a JSON	TEXT
ssueType()	Returns the name of the issue type with a given ID .	ТЕХТ
iraExpression()	Returns the result of a Jira expression .	TEXT
ength()	Returns the length any given text.	NUMBER
matches()	Checks, if the given text matches the given regular expression .	BOOLEAN
project()	Returns the key of the project with a given ID .	ТЕХТ
eplaceAll()	Replaces all substrings matching a regular expression with a given replacement.	TEXT
replaceFirst()	Replaces the first substring matching a given regular expression with a given replacement.	TEXT
resolution()	Returns the name of the resolution with a given ID .	TEXT
status()	Returns a status name .	ТЕХТ
substring()	Returns a specific part of a text.	TEXT
oLowerCase()	Converts a given text with all its characters to lower case .	TEXT
oUpperCase()	Converts a given text with all characters to upper case .	TEXT
rim()	Removes leading and trailing blanks (white spaces and tabs) from a text.	TEXT

If you still have questions, feel free to refer to our support team.