

# append()

## Supported list types

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### 1 Number list

This function combines two **number lists**.

The order of elements is respected and the result may contain duplicates.

If you want to avoid duplicates, use the function [union\(\)](#).

## Syntax

```
append(numberList1, numberList2) #Output: Number list
```

## Examples

Parser expression	Description
<pre>%{append([1, 2, 3], [3, 4, 5])}</pre>	This example returns <b>1, 2, 3, 3, 4, 5</b>
<pre>%{append(toNumberList(%{issue.versions.id}), toNumberList(%{issue.fixVersions.id}))}</pre>	This example returns a <b>number list</b> of both affected and fix version/s id/s of the current issue, e.g. <b>10002,10000,10001,10002</b> To achieve this, the following functions are used: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">toNumberList()</a></li></ul>

## Additional information

Parameters used in this function

Parameter	Input (data type)	Description
numberList1	NUMBER LIST	Any given number list.
numberList2	NUMBER LIST	Any given number list.

## Output

This function returns a [NUMBER LIST](#).

If both lists are empty, the function returns an empty [NUMBER LIST](#).

## Text list

Variant for **text lists**.

### Syntax

```
append(textList1, textList2) #Output: Text list
```

## Examples

Parser expression	Description
<pre>%{append(["blue", "red", "green"], ["red", "green", "yellow"])}</pre>	This example returns <b>blue, red, green, red, green, yellow</b>
<pre>%{append(toStringList(%{issue.versions}),toStringList(%{issue.fixVersions}))}</pre>	This example returns a <b>text list</b> of both affected and fix version/s of the current issue, e.g. <b>1.1,1.0,2.0,1.1</b> To achieve this, the following functions are used: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">toStringList()</a></li></ul>

## Additional information

Parameters used in this function

Parameter	Input (data type)	Description
textList1	<a href="#">TEXT LIST</a>	Any given text list.
textList2	<a href="#">TEXT LIST</a>	Any given text list.

## Output

This function returns a [TEXT LIST](#).

If both lists are empty, the function returns an empty [TEXT LIST](#).

## Issue list

Variant for **issue lists**.

## syntax

```
append(issueList1, issueList2) #Output: Issue list
```

## Examples

Parser expression	Description
<pre>%{append(linkedIssues("is blocked by"), subtasks())}</pre>	<p>This example returns an issue list of <b>blocking</b> issues and <b>sub-tasks</b>. If a sub-task is also linked with issue link type "is blocked by", it will appear <b>twice</b> in the output list.</p> <p>To achieve this, the following functions are used:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">linkedIssues()</a></li><li>• <a href="#">subtasks()</a></li></ul>

## Additional information

Parameters used in this function

Parameter	Input (data type)	Description
issueList1	<a href="#">ISSUE LIST</a>	Any given issue list. Usually this value is retrieved from a function (e.g. <a href="#">linkedIssues()</a> or <a href="#">subtasks()</a> ).
issueList2	<a href="#">ISSUE LIST</a>	Any given issue list. Usually this value is retrieved from a function (e.g. <a href="#">linkedIssues()</a> or <a href="#">subtasks()</a> ).

## Output

This function returns an [ISSUE LIST](#).

If both lists are empty, the function returns an empty [ISSUE LIST](#).

## Use cases and examples

### Use case

No content found.